

CELL Exhibit Pre DVE Lesson Plan

Lesson Title: Introducing Domestic Violent Extremism to Reduce Risk **Grade Level:** 9^{th} - 12^{th} grade is our target audience; occasionally 8th grade

Duration: 50-60 minutes

Content Area: What is the topic and is this a pre lesson, lesson held during a tour, or a post tour lesson

Standards Content Area: Civics, History, Comprehensive Health

Overview:

Domestic Violent Extremism is a growing threat as documented by the Department of Homeland Security and the FBI. This foundational lesson introduces key concepts and an opportunity to analyze the Oklahoma City Bombing while looking at the current threat landscape of DVE today.

Learning Objectives:

In this lesson, students will:

- Develop working knowledge of Domestic Violent Extremism
- Build preliminary understanding of DVE's impact and current threat landscape on the United States.

Essential Questions:

- Factual:
 - O What is domestic violent extremism?
- Conceptual:
 - O What is the threat of DVE today in the United States?
 - O Why is DVE a threat to democracy?

Key Terms:

- <u>Domestic Violent Extremist:</u> an individual based and operating primarily within the territorial jurisdiction
 of the United States who seeks to further their ideological goals wholly or in part through unlawful acts
 of force or violence. (DHS and FBI)
- <u>Ideology:</u> a system of ideas and ideals, especially one which forms the basis of economic or political theory and policy (Oxford Languages)
- <u>Domestic Terrorism (FBI Definition):</u> Violent, criminal acts committed by individuals and/or groups to further ideological goals stemming from domestic influences, such as those of a political, religious, social, racial, or environmental nature.
- <u>Department of Homeland Security:</u> U.S. federal executive department with a mission to secure the nation from the many threats, created in the aftermath of 9/11/2001.
- <u>Threat landscape:</u> Collection of potential and identified security threats.

Lesson Activities:

Activity 1: Introduction of the CELL (Counterterrorism Education Learning Lab) & Code of Conduct (10 minutes)



Overview: Exploring The CELL's website will provide students with background about the exhibit, the various programs offered by The CELL and how learning will be supported by the institution.

Directions:

Students will explore the CELL (thecell.org) to find the following:

CANVA Slide 1: Explore thecell.org

- CELL Mission Statement
- Identify 1 or 2 global security issues they think the U.S. face today
- Champion Change tab (2 national security experts)

CANVA Slide 2: The CELL

- The CELL, a non-profit and non-partisan organization. While the content can be distressing, the CELL is committed to providing a brave space to learn about the trends and signs of radicalization and extremism.
- You will get a better understanding of domestic violent extremism and the process of radicalization, including recruitment strategies used by violent extremists.

CANVA Slide 3: The CELL will:

- 1. Provide valuable insights into the motivations behind such acts, the recruitment tactics employed by extremist groups, and the impact of these activities on our society.
- 2. Encourage open dialogue, allowing students to ask questions, share their perspectives, and learn from one another through the virtual docent.
- 3. Promote empathy, tolerance, and respect, to foster an inclusive learning environment that values diverse opinions and encourages constructive discussions.

CANVA Slide 4:

Class code of conduct while engaging in the upcoming content and on our tour at the CELL. Some ideas include:

- Be aware that everyone has different experiences and reactions to the content of DVE
- If uncomfortable about something, let an adult know
- Make space for people to learn new ideas and have beliefs challenged
- Respect others' opinions
- Come from a place of curiosity
- Ask questions and listen for others to answer

Activity 2: Domestic Violent Extremism at a Glance

Overview: This short video will provide background information on the complexities law enforcement and the judicial branch have on charging actors with domestic violent extremism. Understanding the ideologies, motives and charges associated with domestic violent extremism and other like crimes is critical in preventing the threat from growing.



Directions: Watch the video and then answer the comprehension questions.

CANVA Slide 5:

Watch video from 0:40-3:10

- Questions to consider:
 - What makes it difficult to treat American based extremist groups similarly to those designated as Foreign Terrorist Organizations?
 - There is not a domestic terrorism charge
 - Nikki Floris, FBI Deputy Assistant Director, testified saying that, "we cannot charge, nor do we have designated domestic terrorist groups," what is the implication of this?
 - Answers will vary
 - Because there is not a domestic terrorism charge, how do authorities still charge people with crimes?
 - Gun charges, explosive charges, threat/hoax charges, hate crimes

Activity 3: The Significance of the Oklahoma City Bombing (12-15 minutes)

Overview: The video provides context about the events and aftermath of the Oklahoma City Bombing, one of the deadliest acts of domestic violent extremism in recent history. This gives students an understanding of the consequences of not having domestic violent extremist charges and how law enforcement and safety officials work within the parameters of the Constitution and legal courts to hold actors accountable for their extremist actions.

Directions: As a class view the video and then answer the comprehension questions.

CANVA Slide 6:

<u>History Channel Oklahoma City Bombing: Why did it occur and who was behind it?</u> (5 minutes 2 seconds)

- Teacher note: The Oklahoma City bombing is documented as an act of DVE; however, the U.S. does not have a criminal charge for DVE so McVeigh was charged with other offenses.
- CANVA Slide 7:

Comprehension Questions (and answers):

- 1. What happened at the Oklahoma City Bombing?
 - Devestating terrorist attack on American soil, rental truck with homemade explosives detonated outside of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building, 168 people dead. 16 block radii of destruction, 850 people injured
- 2. What motivated Timothy McVeigh and Terry Nichols to do this horrendous act?

 Anti-government sentiments, reading the Turner Diaries, fueled by federal raid of Waco, Texas
- 3. How did Oklahoma City recover?
 - 12,384 people volunteered to help, 16 government organizations helped organize and mobilize resources,
- 4. What were Timothy McVeigh and Terry Nichols charged with and were they convicted? McVeigh was tried and convicted on 11 different counts; Nichols one count of conspiracy and 8 counts of involuntary manslaughter, then tried again and convicted on 161 counts of murder.
- CANVA Slide 8:



- o Teacher to share the verdicts; McVeigh Guilty on all 11 Counts:
 - COUNT 1: Guilty
 - Conspiracy to use a weapon of mass destruction against persons in the United States and against federal property, resulting in death, grievous bodily injury and destruction of the building.
 - COUNT 2: Guilty
 - Use of a weapon of mass destruction, resulting in death and personal injury.
 - COUNT 3: Guilty
 - Destruction by explosive of a federal building, causing death and injury.
 - COUNTS 4-11: Guilty
 - First-degree murder of eight federal law enforcement officers.

Activity 4: Understanding Domestic Violent Extremism (10 minutes)

Overview: It is important to have a collective understanding of terms, and this activity will provide an opportunity for the class to unpack the FBI's definition of Domestic Terrorism, often used interchangeably with domestic violent extremism. The class will then create a working definition to compare with the FBI's and the CELL's definitions throughout the remainder of the lessons and tour.

Directions: As a class review the FBI's definition of Domestic Terrorism, then create a working definition of Domestic Violent Extremism.

- CANVA Slide 9
 - FBI Definition of Domestic Terrorism: Violent, criminal acts committed by individuals and/or groups to further ideological goals stemming from domestic influences, such as those of a political, religious, social, racial, or environmental nature.
- CANVA Slide 10
 - Class reviews the FBI's definition of domestic violent extremism and develops an operating definition of Domestic Violent Extremis for their understanding.
 - This should include:
 - Individual or group that acts violently.
 - Act is committed to further ideological goals related to domestic influences (political, religious, social, racial or environmental)
 - Act occurs within the territorial jurisdiction of the U.S.
- CANVA Slide 11
 - o Class Vote: Was the Oklahoma City Bombing an act of DVE, why or why not?

Teacher note: There is a distinct difference between domestic violent extremism (domestic terrorism) and domestic violence. The difference is that an act of DVE is connected to a specific ideology, or a combination of ideologies. Domestic violence is an act of violence, not connected to an ideology. Additionally, there is a distinct difference between international terrorism and domestic terrorism and the criminal charges, or lack thereof for both. There will be a specific gallery at the exhibit, Terror versus Terrorism, that will present more information about these topics.

Activity 5: Conclusion and Exhibit Tour Prep (5 minutes)



Overview: As exemplified in the definition and the Oklahoma City Bombing attack, DVE is contentious, tragic and has long-lasting effects on the human spirit. DVE also comes in many different forms, including actions and words. Because of this, it is important that we understand characteristics of DVE and hold ourselves accountable to being an antidote to DVE through our own actions and words.

Directions: As a class discuss overarching characteristics of DVE and then conclude with inviting student to consider how they can be an antidote to DVE by creating an individual code of conduct for visiting the CELL and engaging with others.

- CANVA Slide 12
 - Characteristics of Domestic Violent Extremism
- CANVA Slide 13
 - o Individual Code of Conduct in keeping communities safe from DVE:
 - 1. Listen to learn
 - 2. Be empathetic to others experiences and personal connections to DVE
 - 3. Take risks and be accountable for my own behavior
 - 4. Be aware of my own limitations in understanding

Standards:

Colorado Academic Standards:

- SS.HS.1.GLE.2: Analyze and evaluate key concepts of continuity and change, cause and effect, complexity, unity and diversity, and significant ideas in the United States from Reconstruction to the present.
- SS.HS.4.GLE.1: Research and formulate positions on government policies and on local, state, tribal, and national issues to be able to participate and engage in a civil society.
- SS.HS.4.GLE.2: Evaluate the purposes, roles, and limitations of the structures and functions of government.
- RW.HS.2.GLE.3: Utilize context, parts of speech, grammar, and word choice to understand narrative, argumentative, and informational texts.
- CH.HS.3.GLE.1: Advocate to improve or maintain positive mental, emotional well-being for self and others.
- CH.HS.3.GLE.3: Advocate to improve or maintain positive mental, emotional well-being for self and others.
- CH.HS.4.GLE.5: Analyze the factors that influence community and societal beliefs that underlie violence, and describe relationships, attitudes, behavior, and vulnerability to violence.
- CH.HS.4.GLE.6: Analyze the underlying causes of self-harming behavior and harming others, and identify strategies involved in seeking help.
- CH.HS.4.GLE.7: Identify the emotional and physical consequences of violence, and find strategies to deal with, prevent, and report them.
- CH.HS.4.GLE.10: Advocate for changes in the home, school, or community that would increase safety.

Skills:

- Global/Cultural Awareness: Compare attitudes and beliefs as an individual to others
- Civic Engagement: Identify and reflect upon personal connections to community systems



• Character: Demonstrate an understanding of cause and effect related to personal decisions

(Additional) Resources:

• List citations alphabetically, in Chicago style, for sources used in this lesson's development.

Materials:

- History Channel Oklahoma City Bombing: Why did it occur and who was behind it? (5 minutes 2 seconds)
- "McVeigh Guilty on all 11 Counts" by L. Romano, 1997
- Office of Intelligence and Analysis Homeland Threat Assessment 2024 (page 3)
- Student handout
- Canva Slidedeck



CELL Exhibit Post DVE Tour Lesson Plan

Lesson Title: Post DVE Tour

Grade Level: Typically, 9th-12th; occasionally 8th grade

Duration: 50-65 minutes

Content Area: Domestic Violent Extremism

Standards Areas: Civics, History, Reading, Writing and Communicating and Essential Skills

Overview:

The lesson provides students with the opportunity to discuss the impact of domestic violent extremism as they synthesize their own ideas and thoughts from the tour at the CELL exhibit. Additionally, this culminating lesson helps students identify action steps they can take individually and collectively as champions of change in an effort to keep communities safe.

Learning Objectives:

In this lesson, students will:

- Apply the FBI's Definition of Terrorism to the current threat landscape of DVE.
- Engage in civil discourse about why DVE undermines an inclusive democracy.
- Create an action plan to disrupt the DVE at levels seen in their communities.

Essential Questions:

- Factual
 - o Based on the FBI's definition of terrorism what is the current threat landscape of DVE?
- Conceptual
 - How can awareness and use of civil discourse tools help respect others civil liberties and minimize domestic violent extremism?
 - How can youth/students help make communities safer in the fight against domestic violent extremism?

Key Terms:

- <u>Domestic Violent Extremist:</u> an individual based and operating primarily within the territorial jurisdiction
 of the United States who seeks to further their ideological goals wholly or in part through unlawful acts
 of force or violence. (DHS and FBI)
- <u>Department of Homeland Security:</u> U.S. federal executive department with a mission to secure the nation from the many threats, created in the aftermath of 9/11/2001.
- Government Accountability Office: an independent, non-partisan agency that works for Congress. GAO
 examines how taxpayer dollars are spent and provides Congress and federal agencies with objective,
 non-partisan, fact-based information to help the government save money and work more efficiently.
- <u>Civil Discourse:</u> Civil discourse is the practice of deliberating about matters of public concern in a way
 that seeks to expand knowledge and promote understanding.

Lesson Agenda:

Commented [LH1]: https://www.gao.gov/about

Commented [LH2]: https://cehv.osu.edu/civildiscourse-citizenship/rationale



Activity 1: Understanding the Current Threat of Domestic Violent Extremism (10 minutes)

Overview: The threat landscape of national security is constantly changing and there are systems and organizations in place to mitigate the threat. This next exercise will help students gain a greater understanding of the rising threat of DVE and how the courts address DVE.

Directions:

Read article: "<u>Domestic terrorism-related cases increased by more than 350% over 8 years: Watchdog The number of plots foiled also increased, according to the statistics</u>" By Luke Barr, February 28, 2023, ABC news

Comprehension Questions:

1. Why has the Department of Homeland Security secretary, Alejandro Mayorkas, focused additional resources on addressing domestic violent extremism?

Considers it the most persistent and lethal threats in the U.S.

2. What recommendation does the GAO make for local, state and federal agencies in their effort to combat domestic violent extremism?

Track and share information related to DVE

- 3. While this article was written in February 2023, what is the current threat landscape of DVE is today? It continues to increase and pose a significant threat to the U.S. through individuals acting on a personal grievance that may be aligned to a variety of ideologies.
- 4. Why is the threat of DVE increasing?

Answers will vary

5. Based on your understanding of DVE and the FBI's definition of terrorism, are there additional mechanisms/strategies that could be employed to address the threat of DVE?

Answers will vary

Activity 2: Analysis and Discussion of the Current Threat of Domestic Violent Extremism (15 minutes)

Overview: This activity will ground students in the current domestic violent extremism threat landscape of the United States, which reflects the international DVE threat landscape according to subject matter experts.

Directions: In preparation for the Socratic Seminar discussion, read the excerpt below as a class and answer the comprehension questions provided.

'Office of Intelligence and Analysis Homeland Threat Assessment 2024' authored by Department of Homeland Security, p.3

In 2024, we expect the threat of violence from **violent extremists radicalized in the United States will remain high** but largely unchanged from the threat as described in the May 2023 National Threat Advisory System (NTAS) bulletin. Over the past year, both domestic violent extremists (DVEs) and homegrown violent extremists (HVEs) inspired by foreign terrorist organizations have engaged in violence in reaction to sociopolitical events. These actors will continue to be **inspired and motivated by**



a mix of conspiracy theories; personalized grievances; and enduring racial, ethnic, religious, and antigovernment ideologies, often shared online.

- Since January 2022, **DVEs have conducted three fatal attacks** in the Homeland resulting in 21 deaths and multiple non-lethal attacks. US law enforcement has disrupted over a half dozen other DVE plots. During the same period, only one attack was conducted by an individual inspired by a foreign terrorist organization. The individual—who is awaiting trial—was likely inspired by a spiritual mentor of al-Qa'ida and Taliban narratives and allegedly wounded three New York City Police Department officers on New Year's Eve.
- Collectively, these incidents focused on a variety of targets, including law enforcement, government, faith-based organizations, retail locations, ethnic and religious minorities, healthcare infrastructure, transportation, and the energy sector. The most lethal attack this year occurred in May in Allen, Texas, where a now-deceased attacker killed eight people at a shopping mall. The attacker was fixated on mass violence and held views consistent with racially or ethnically motivated violent extremist (RMVE) and involuntary celibate violent extremist ideologies, judging from his writings and online activities.
- While violent extremists likely will continue using accessible, easy-to-use weapons for attacks, they also will leverage online platforms and encrypted communications applications to share novel tactics and techniques. Collaboration among violent extremists online likely will grow as they strive to spread their views, recruit followers, and inspire attacks. Some RMVEs have improved the quality of their video and magazine publications online, which could help them inspire more like-minded individuals to commit attacks.

Activity 2 Comprehension Questions:

- 1. In referring to the Homeland Threat Assessment excerpt, what do these DVE incidents focus on primarily? And what are DVE actors using to gain support?
 - law enforcement, government, faith-based organizations, retail locations, ethnic and religious minorities, healthcare infrastructure, transportation, and the energy sector
 - easy-to-use weapons for attacks and online platforms with improved video/audio quality
- 2. What are these actors inspired or motivated by?
 - a mix of conspiracy theories; personalized grievances; and enduring racial, ethnic, religious, and anti-government ideologies, often shared online.
- 3. What are two or three things that are contributing to the current rise of domestic violent extremism? Consider the trends of international and national security over the course of history and how those trends impact local communities.
 - Polarization of American population
 - Availability and accessibility of mis and dis information
 - Societies increased tolerance for violence



- Increased social isolation and information silos
- Lack of laws against the organization of domestic violent extremists
- 4. How does domestic violent extremism move citizens of the U.S. away from the founding ideal of an inclusive democracy that the U.S. continues to work toward?
 - Prevents civil discourse because people often gravitate toward conversation with similar beliefs
 - Undermines the efforts of national security
 - Polarization of ideas and values leading to seclusion
 - Reduces the resiliency of communities to radical ideologies
- 5. Reflect on your everyday interactions and consider if you have been exposed to any acts or precursory acts of domestic violent extremism. How do you think this exposure impacts our society?
 - Be sure to touch on the human element of what students share in their answer/discussion.
 - Feel free to tie in teacher notes from questions #2 and #3
- 6. What ideologies do you think/feel are driving these extremist activities?
 - Religious
 - Anti-Government/Anti-authority
 - Left-Wing
 - Right-Wing
 - REMVE (a government classified category that includes racially, ethnically motivated violent extremists)

Activity 3: Socratic Seminar (25-30 minutes depending on how many questions are discussed)

Overview: Using information from the past few lessons, including the tour at the CELL Exhibit and from our own experiences, this next activity will require participants to engage in civil discourse to help break down barriers, ask critical questions and understand different perspectives. It is important to establish some collective ground rules for civil discourse. Consider what civil discourse is and what civil discourse is not as we move into this Socratic Seminar.

Exercise: Socratic Seminars lead with open-ended questions that are intended to facilitate further thought. Helpful Socratic Seminar guidelines are listed below. Be sure to establish, post and commit to a set of guidelines before beginning.

- Guidelines:
 - o Discuss, do not debate.
 - o Be courteous, no putdowns.
 - o Goal is the pursuit of deeper understanding.
 - $\circ \quad \text{Respect different thoughts and ideas.}$
- Questions or responses from participants that can help facilitate discussion include:

[Type here]



- o What do you mean by that?
- o How do you know?
- o Can you give me an example?
- O What are the consequences of that?
- O What is the counterargument?

Suggested questions to discuss:

- 1. How is DVE impacting you?
 - Hate speech is directly linked to acts of violence, as you experienced in the Vitriol and Violence gallery at the exhibit, what are some examples of hate speech linked to an ideology that caused the perpetrator to act violently?
 - o How did it impact you or the situation and were there any consequences?
 - What do you think would be appropriate consequences in these situations? How should we handle hate speech at school or in school-based activities vs. out of school activities?
 - o What has led people to become so extreme in their ideologies that they turn to violent acts?
 - o And how does this turn toward violent acts undermine the principles of the founding of our nation?
- 2. What strategies do terrorist organizations use to recruit and how can you be more discerning when exposed to these materials?
- 3. Why do people remain radicalized (identify and recall push/pull factors)?
- 4. What are some vulnerabilities that you and your peers might face that cause greater risk for radicalization by an extremist group?
- 5. What are some resources, whether inside school or outside of school, that help address these vulnerabilities?
- 6. What are some actions you and your peers can take to reduce the vulnerabilities to radicalization? If time permits, explore these questions:
 - Based on your experience at the exhibit, how do you think our communities arrived at this level
 of threat from DVE?
 - 2. What is one step you can take today to make your school or community more resilient against DVE?
 - 3. What piece(s) at the exhibit inspired you to help create a more constructive and safer community?
 - 4. In reflecting on your experience, what did you take away from the tour and these lessons to help us create better civil discourse and prevent domestic violent extremism?
 - 5. What can our society and/or communities do to prevent radicalization into extremist groups or ideologies?
 - 6. What does an inclusive democracy look like to you?
 - 7. What are some initiatives you have seen or experienced that build inclusive communities?

Activity 4: Action plan to Champion Change (25-30 minutes) (Optional/Extension)

Overview: This last activity will give you and your classmates an opportunity to create an action plan that helps your school and your community to Champion Change in the fight against domestic violent extremism.



Directions: Work in small groups to create an action plan that can help your community become champions of change in creating safer communities and minimizing domestic violent extremism. In this activity, you will consider the guiding questions below and then fill in the action plan based on your discussion.

Guiding questions to consider:

- 1. Discuss actions that you and your peers can take to mitigate vitriolic language and/or peers from being pushed into radicalization.
- 2. What are existing community organizations/programs that you could partner with or join to support these actions?
- 3. What could you and your peers create for your community to implement these actions (club, awareness assembly, ongoing educational initiatives on DVE might be some examples, school policy)?
- 4. What changes/updates would you propose to your school leaders that would support you and your classmates' schoolwide initiatives?
- 5. Here is a resource to help you (PERIL).

Group goal for action plan:		

PROBLEM BEING ADDRESSED	POTENTIAL PARTNER ORGANIZATIONS/ PROGRAMS	ACTION IDEAS	POTENTIAL OBSTACLES	INTENDED OUTCOME
Hate speech in schools	Anti-Defamation League Blue Bench	Awareness campaign about the impact words have on adolescents	School admin not supporting Lack of time	Community talks about why we don't want to tolerate hate speech. Hate speech is not heard as often.
Reducing recruitment of high school students to extremist groups	The CELL, PERIL, ADL, Alliance Clubs at schools	Guest speaker for specific classes (advisory, homeroom, English classes) that speaks to the real threat of extremist groups recruitment strategies, shares statistics and examples of recruitment into extremist groups	Too extreme for my school community (maybe go to a local library then.)	Community's aware of recruitment strategies by extremist groups and is aware of what to look for to prevent that radicalization process from starting.

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Standards:

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 to deal with, prevent, and report them.
- CH.HS.4.GLE.10: Advocate for changes in the home, school, or community that would increase safety.

Skills:

- Creativity/Innovation: Synthesize ideas in original and surprising ways.
- Risk Taking: Act on creative ideas to make a tangible and useful contribution.
- Adaptability/Flexibility: Demonstrate ways to adapt and reach workable solutions
- Collaboration/Teamwork: Use interpersonal skills to learn and work with individuals from diverse backgrounds.

Resources:

Materials:

Student handout